Spoken Language	Objectives for				
Spokon Languago	In addition to previous learning, pupils should learn how to				
Spoken Language	Reading	Writing	Transcription		
Speaking, Listening and Discussion Tell a story or describe an incident clearly Listen and respond appropriately to adults and peers Take turns in a group  Drama Respond to other characters in role  Electric states are also states are als			Spelling Spell words using the GPCs taught so far (ensure your programme covers English appendix 1 (Y1) of National Curriculum) Segment words into individual phonemes to aid spelling Spell high frequency words that cannot be easily decoded at this stage ('tricky' words) Spell simple words with adjacent consonants Spell words ending in -nk Name the letters of the alphabet in order Use letter names to talk about different grapheme choices Write simple dictated sentences using spelling knowledge taught so far Apply spellings and spelling conventions taught in their own work  Handwriting and Presentation Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly Form 'long ladder' lower case letters correctly (i, j, I, t, u (v and w if with rounded bases)) Form the equivalent upper case letters correctly (I, J, L, T, U) Form 'one-armed robot' lower case letters correctly (B, H, K, M, N, P, R) Form the digits 2, 3 and 5 correctly		
	Discuss meanings of new words and link	I .			

Reading Comprehension Check that the text makes sense as they read and re-read if necessary Use imagination to re-enact stories in a variety of ways Discuss the title and talk about the events in a story Predict the next part of a story Recall the main events in a story Make simple inferences about characters from what they say and do Recognise and understand the terms title, author, illustrator and illustration Develop understanding by linking reading to prior knowledge and/or background	
information  Being a Researcher Pose questions before reading non- fiction to find answers Navigate a simple non-fiction text Record information gleaned from simple non-fiction texts	

Objectives for Year 1 Term 2				
In addition to previous learning, pupils should learn how to				
Spoken Language	Reading	Writing	Transcription	
Speaking, Listening and Discussion	Word Reading	Planning, Composing and Evaluating	Spelling	
Retell a story or incident in which events	Respond quickly with the correct sound	Use the sentence by sentence process of	Spell words using the GPCs taught so far	
are ordered	for graphemes (using phonemes taught	think, say, write, check	(ensure your programme covers English	
Listen and follow instructions accurately,	so far)	Say out loud what they are going to write	appendix 1 (Y1) of National Curriculum)	
asking for help or clarification if	Blend GPCs to read accurately	about	Segment words into individual phonemes	
necessary	Remember high frequency phonically	Compose a sentence orally before writing	to aid spelling	
Listen to other pupils during group work	decodable words	it	Spell high frequency words that cannot	
	Read and remember high frequency	Write a sequence of sentences to form a	be easily decoded at this stage ('tricky'	
Drama	words that cannot be easily decoded at	short narrative or non-narrative text	words)	
Pretend to be a character, showing	this stage ('tricky' words)	Re-read what they have written to check	Use letter names to talk about different	
feelings through words and actions	Read words containing taught GPCs and	that it makes sense	grapheme choices	
	ending in -s, -es and ing	Talk about their writing	Spell plural nouns with -s and -es	
	Read words of more than one syllable	Improve their writing style by adding new	Use –s and –es to spell third person	

Apply phonic knowledge across the curriculum

Read aloud accurately books that match their phonic knowledge and books which require them to use other reading strategies

Re-read books to build fluency and confidence

Re-read when they have not understood Use the punctuation to get meaning from the text

Use the context as an aid to decoding unknown words

#### Being a Reader

Listen to and discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently

Explain their understanding of what is read to them

Offer an opinion on what is read to them and listen to the opinions of others
Link what they read and hear read to their own experiences
Enjoy stories (including fairy and traditional stories)

Retell a story in the correct order Join in with stories being read aloud Enjoy poems and rhymes and recite some by heart

Discuss meanings of new words and link these to words already known

## **Reading Comprehension**

Check that the text makes sense as they read and re-read if necessary

Use imagination to re-enact stories in a variety of ways
Identify the main characters and say

what they are like

Predict the next part of a story Recall the main events in a story techniques to their repertoire (see Appendix A – year 1)

# Grammar, Punctuation and Vocabulary

Use correct grammatical terminology when discussing their writing Leave spaces between words Use full stops and capitals Join sentences with 'and' Use capital letters for people, places, days of the week and 'l' Identify and know the purpose of nouns Form singular and plural nouns (link with spelling)

singular verbs

Spell words with the –ing suffix (where no change is needed to the root word)
Divide words into syllables to aid spelling
Spell common words ending in -ve
Write simple dictated sentences using
spelling knowledge taught so far
Apply spellings and spelling conventions
taught in their own work

#### **Handwriting and Presentation**

Form 'curly caterpillar' lower case letters correctly (c, a, d, e, g, o, q, f, s)
Form the equivalent upper case letters correctly (C, A, D, E, G, O, Q, F, S)
Form the digits 0, 6, 8 and 9 correctly

Make simple inferences about characters	
from what they say and do	
Identify some simple structural features	
in a text	
Develop understanding by linking reading	
to prior knowledge and/or background	
information	
Being a Researcher	
Pose questions before reading non-	
fiction to find answers	
Navigate a simple non-fiction text	
Record information gleaned from simple	
non-fiction texts	

Objectives for Year 1 Term 3				
In addition to previous learning, pupils should learn how to				
Spoken Language	Reading	Writing	Transcription	
Speaking, Listening and Discussion	Word Reading	Planning, Composing and Evaluating	Spelling	
Read aloud clearly and use some	Respond quickly with the correct sound	Use ideas from their reading in their	Spell words using the GPCs taught so far	
intonation for effect	for graphemes (for all 40+ phonemes)	writing	(all GPCs in English appendix 1 (Y1) of	
Listen with sustained concentration	Blend GPCs to read accurately	Use the sentence by sentence process of	National Curriculum should be learned by	
Explain their thoughts to a group	Remember high frequency phonically	think, say, write, check	the end of the year)	
	decodable words	Say out loud what they are going to write	Segment words into individual phonemes	
Drama	Read and remember high frequency	about	to aid spelling	
Take turns speaking their part in acting	words that cannot be easily decoded at	Compose a sentence orally before writing	Spell high frequency words that cannot	
out familiar stories	this stage ('tricky' words)	it	be easily decoded at this stage ('tricky'	
	Read words containing taught GPCs and	Write a sequence of sentences to form a	words)	
	ending in -ed, -er and est	short narrative or non-narrative text	Spell the days of the week	
	Read words of more than one syllable	Re-read what they have written to check	Spell words with the –ed suffix (where no	
	Read words with contractions and	that it makes sense	change is needed to the root word)	
	understand how apostrophes work in	Read aloud their writing clearly (link with	Spell words with the –er suffix (where no	
	these words	Spoken Language)	change is needed to the root word)	
	Apply phonic knowledge across the	Talk about their writing	Spell words with the –est suffix (where no	
	curriculum	Improve their writing style by adding new	change is needed to the root word)	
	Read aloud accurately books that match	techniques to their repertoire (see	Spell simple words with the un- prefix	
	their phonic knowledge and books which	Appendix A – year 1)	Divide words into syllables to aid spelling	
	require them to use other reading		Spell common compound words	
	strategies	Grammar, Punctuation and	Write simple dictated sentences using	
	Re-read books to build fluency and	Vocabulary	spelling knowledge taught so far	
	confidence	Use correct grammatical terminology	Apply spellings and spelling conventions	

Look for words within words to aid decoding Break down large words into syllables to aid decoding

## Being a Reader

Listen to and discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently

Explain their understanding of what is read to them

Offer opinions and preferences about books

Link what they read and hear read to their own experiences Enjoy stories

Enjoy poems and rhymes and recite some by heart

Read aloud a well known story with some expression

Discuss meanings of new words and link these to words already known

# **Reading Comprehension**

Check that the text makes sense as they read and re-read if necessary

Use imagination to re-enact stories in a variety of ways

Answer questions after the end of the story

Predict the next part of a story

Recall the main events in a story

Make simple inferences about characters from what they say and do

Understand that text, illustration and other features combine to give meaning

Develop understanding by linking reading to prior knowledge and/or background information

# Being a Researcher

Pose questions before reading non-

when discussing their writing Join sentences with 'and' Use question marks Use exclamation marks Change the meaning of words by adding un- (link with spelling) Form new nouns by compounding e.g. whiteboard (link with spelling)

taught in their own work

#### **Handwriting and Presentation**

Form 'zigzag' lower case letters correctly (v, w, x, y, z)

Form the equivalent upper case letters correctly (V, W, X, Y, Z)

Form the digits 1, 4, and 7 correctly

fiction to find answers Navigate a simple non-fiction text	
Record information gleaned from simple non-fiction texts	